

Quantifying Progress: Metrics and Indicators for Measuring Digital Transformation Maturity in Organizations

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Abstract— As organizations increasingly embark on digital transformation journeys, the need for effective metrics and indicators to measure progress and maturity becomes paramount. This paper investigates the development and application of metrics for quantifying digital transformation maturity in organizations. Through an extensive review of literature and examination of case studies, the paper identifies key dimensions and stages of digital maturity. It proposes a framework encompassing both quantitative and qualitative metrics that can be used to assess an organization's digital transformation journey. The paper explores challenges associated with defining meaningful metrics and offers insights into adapting measurement frameworks to diverse organizational contexts. By addressing this critical gap in the literature, the paper aims to provide practitioners, researchers, and decision-makers with a valuable resource for evaluating and benchmarking digital transformation progress, fostering a more nuanced understanding of the multifaceted nature of organizational digital maturity.

Keywords— digital transformation, maturity index, metric of maturity, indicator

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I. INTRODUCTION

In an era characterized by rapid technological advancements, organizations are navigating a landscape defined by digital disruption, compelling them to embark on transformative journeys to stay competitive and innovative. This imperative shift towards digital transformation is reshaping the way businesses operate, collaborate, and deliver value. As organizations embrace this paradigm, the significance of quantifying and assessing the maturity of their digital transformation efforts becomes increasingly pronounced.

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A. Background

The digital revolution has permeated every facet of modern enterprises, prompting a fundamental reevaluation of operational strategies and structures. Organizations, irrespective of industry or size, are compelled to undertake digital transformation journeys to harness the full potential of emerging technologies. The advent of cloud computing, artificial intelligence, big data analytics, and the Internet of Things (IoT) has ushered in an era where adaptability to technological change is synonymous with survival.

Estonia provides a compelling illustration of how technology has revolutionized traditional approaches to governance and government service delivery (United Nations, 2022), (Kalja, 2017), (Vatsa, 2021). The integration of modern information and communication technologies in the public sector by Estonia places the country at the forefront of nations striving to modernize public services and establish transparent governance (United Nations, 2022).

Remarkably, Estonia stands as one of the few countries globally to develop and activate infrastructure, ensuring that 99% of public services are available online (Vatsa, 2021). The

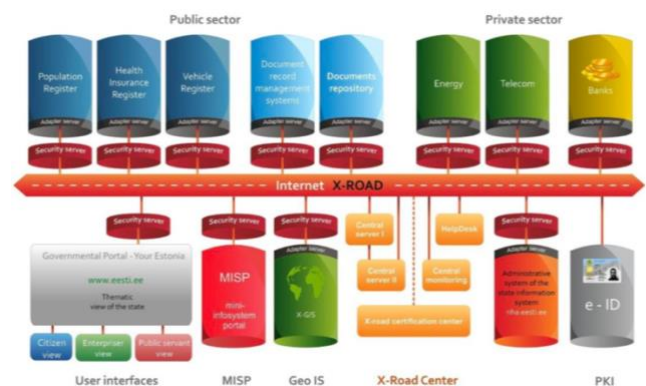


Fig 1. Technology Deployment for E-government in Estonia

foundational development of Estonia's E-Government encompasses the creation of E-ID, the data exchange layer X-Road, and the government portal www.eesti.ee. Figure 1 below illustrates how all components of Estonia's information system are interconnected through X-Road.

In the context of this digital revolution, organizations worldwide, regardless of industry or size, are undergoing profound transformations to leverage the vast potential of emerging technologies. Cloud computing, artificial intelligence, big data analytics, and the Internet of Things (IoT) have become integral components, necessitating organizations to adapt continuously to technological advancements for survival.

This imperative for transformation raises the need to assess and understand the progress and maturity of digital initiatives, considering the intricate interplay of technological, organizational, and cultural factors. The absence of a standardized framework for evaluating digital transformation maturity is a significant challenge addressed by this paper. It delves into the development and application of metrics designed to quantify digital transformation maturity, filling a critical gap in the literature and providing valuable insights for organizations navigating this complex landscape.

The urgency to measure and gauge the progress and maturity of digital transformations is underscored by the complex interplay of technological, organizational, and cultural factors. The absence of a standardized framework for evaluating digital transformation maturity poses a significant challenge for organizations seeking to understand the effectiveness of their initiatives. This paper addresses this critical gap in the literature by delving into the development and application of metrics specifically designed to quantify digital transformation maturity.

Through an exhaustive exploration of existing literature and a meticulous examination of real-world case studies, the paper identifies key dimensions and stages inherent in the trajectory of digital maturity. Building on these insights, the paper proposes a comprehensive framework that integrates both quantitative and qualitative metrics. This framework is designed to provide organizations with a systematic means of assessing and benchmarking their digital transformation journey.

Furthermore, the paper critically examines the challenges associated with defining meaningful metrics in the dynamic digital landscape. It offers valuable insights into adapting measurement frameworks to accommodate the diverse contexts in which organizations operate. By doing so, the paper seeks to empower practitioners, researchers, and decision-makers with a resource that goes beyond conventional assessments, fostering a nuanced understanding of the multifaceted nature of organizational digital maturity. In essence, this research aims to contribute a substantial and practical resource for navigating the

intricacies of digital transformation progress in today's dynamic business environment.

B. Rationale for The Study

As organizations undertake digital transformation journeys, the absence of a universally accepted and comprehensive framework for assessing digital maturity presents a critical gap in both academic research and practical implementation. This study is driven by the imperative need to address this void and provide a robust rationale for the development of metrics and indicators tailored to measuring digital transformation maturity.

Evolving Landscape of Digital Transformation :

The contemporary business landscape is witnessing a rapid evolution of digital technologies, ranging from artificial intelligence and machine learning to blockchain and augmented reality. This dynamic ecosystem necessitates a shift from traditional business models towards digitally-driven strategies. The accelerating pace of technological advancements demands organizations not only to adopt new technologies but also to effectively integrate them into their existing structures. The lack of a standardized and adaptable framework hinders the ability of organizations to navigate this ever-changing landscape and assess the true impact of their digital transformation efforts.

Strategic Decision-Making and Resource Allocation :

For organizations investing substantial resources in digital transformation initiatives, informed decision-making is paramount. A lack of clarity in assessing digital maturity jeopardizes the effective allocation of resources and may result in suboptimal outcomes. A tailored framework for measuring digital transformation maturity becomes instrumental in enabling organizations to make strategic decisions based on accurate assessments of their progress and identify areas that require further attention and investment.

Bridging the Gap between Research and Practice :

While academic literature acknowledges the importance of digital transformation, the existing body of knowledge often lacks practical tools for implementation. This study seeks to bridge the gap between theoretical insights and actionable strategies by providing a tangible framework for organizations to assess their digital maturity. By doing so, it aims to contribute not only to academic discussions surrounding digital transformation but also to empower practitioners with tools that enhance the effectiveness of their strategic initiatives.

Industry-Specific Challenges :

Different industries face unique challenges and opportunities in their digital transformation endeavors. This study recognizes the need for a nuanced approach that considers the diversity of organizational contexts. By developing a framework that accommodates industry-specific nuances, the research aims to

provide tailored solutions that resonate with the realities faced by organizations in various sectors.

In essence, the rationale for this study is rooted in the urgency to equip organizations, researchers, and decision-makers with a comprehensive and adaptable set of metrics. These metrics go beyond a one-size-fits-all approach, catering to the evolving nature of digital transformation and ensuring that organizations can accurately quantify their progress and maturity in the ever-changing digital landscape.

C. Objectives of The Paper

This section outlines the overarching goals and specific objectives that drive the research, shaping the focus and contributions of the paper towards advancing the understanding and application of metrics in measuring digital transformation maturity.

1. Establishing a Comprehensive Framework

One primary objective is to develop a comprehensive framework for measuring digital transformation maturity that encapsulates the multifaceted nature of this organizational journey. By synthesizing insights from an extensive literature review and real-world case studies, the paper aims to provide a structured and adaptable model that spans various industries and organizational contexts.

2. Identification of Key Dimensions and Stages

The paper endeavors to identify and delineate the key dimensions and stages inherent in the trajectory of digital maturity. Through a meticulous examination of diverse case studies, the research seeks to distill commonalities and variations, allowing for the categorization of organizational maturity into discernible stages. This objective contributes to the development of a nuanced understanding of the digital transformation landscape.

3. Integration of Quantitative and Qualitative Metrics

To enhance the robustness of the proposed framework, the paper aims to integrate both quantitative and qualitative metrics. Recognizing the limitations of relying solely on quantitative measures, the research endeavors to incorporate qualitative insights, such as cultural and organizational readiness, to provide a more holistic assessment of digital transformation maturity. This objective aligns with the dynamic and contextual nature of digital transformation efforts.

4. Addressing Challenges in Metric Definition

Understanding the challenges associated with defining meaningful metrics, the paper aims to shed light on these hurdles and provide insights into navigating them. By doing so, the research seeks to contribute practical guidance for

organizations grappling with the complexities of selecting and defining metrics that accurately capture the progress and impact of their digital transformation initiatives.

5. Adaptation to Diverse Organizational Contexts

Recognizing the diversity of organizational contexts, the paper aims to offer insights into adapting the proposed measurement framework to different organizations, sizes, and cultural environments. This objective ensures that the framework remains flexible and applicable across a broad spectrum of organizations, fostering its utility as a versatile tool for assessing digital transformation maturity.

In essence, the objectives of this paper are intricately woven to contribute a holistic and practical resource for organizations and researchers alike. By establishing a comprehensive framework, identifying key dimensions, integrating varied metrics, addressing challenges, and promoting adaptability, the research aims to empower stakeholders with the tools necessary to navigate the complexities of digital transformation and foster maturity in an ever-evolving digital landscape.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

A. Overview of Digital Transformation

Digital transformation, a term permeating scholarly discourse and organizational strategies, reflects the pervasive influence of digital technologies across diverse sectors. Kraus et al. (2021) provide a comprehensive overview, emphasizing the dynamic nature of digital transformation as an ongoing process rather than a static event. This perspective aligns with the evolving nature of technology, requiring organizations to continuously adapt to remain competitive. In tandem with the dynamic nature of digital transformation, scholars and practitioners often rely on the concept of the pyramid of digital transformation (Figure 1) to elucidate its multifaceted stages.

As discussed by Kraus et al. (2021), who offer a comprehensive overview of this pervasive phenomenon, the



Fig 2. The Pyramid of Digital Transformation
(Source: ARC Advisory Group)

pyramid framework delineates the progression through digitization, digitalization, and culminating in digital transformation. This conceptual framework serves as a valuable lens through which to understand the sequential and interconnected nature of technological advancement. Digitization marks the foundational layer, involving the conversion of analog information into digital form, while digitalization builds upon it by integrating digital technologies into existing processes. Ultimately, digital transformation emerges as the pinnacle, signifying a holistic organizational shift, aligning seamlessly with the ongoing and dynamic nature of technological evolution.

The intersection of digital transformation and business management is a focal point in the literature. Kraus et al. (2022) underscore the integration of digitalization into business processes, emphasizing its impact on various facets of management. This integration prompts a reconsideration of traditional business models and operational paradigms.

National contexts contribute to the diverse landscape of digital transformation. Kó, Fehér, and Szabó (2019) provide a Hungarian perspective, shedding light on the distinctive challenges and opportunities within a specific socio-economic context. Understanding the unique trajectories of digital transformation in different regions is crucial for tailoring strategies to local needs.

Organizational roles emerge as pivotal in the context of digital transformation. Zoppelletto et al. (2023) delve into micro-level perspectives, highlighting the nuanced interplay between individuals and digital initiatives within organizations. This micro-level focus complements broader organizational analyses, providing insights into the intricacies of digital transformation at the individual level.

The public sector's engagement with digital transformation is a salient theme, with implications for governance and accountability. Otia and Bracci (2022) explore the perspective of Supreme Audit Institutions (SAIs), revealing the challenges and opportunities faced by the public sector in aligning with digital advancements. This perspective extends the discourse beyond the private sector, acknowledging the broader societal implications of digital transformation.

In synthesizing these diverse perspectives, the literature underscores the multifaceted nature of digital transformation. It transcends technological adoption, permeating organizational structures, management practices, national contexts, individual roles, and even public sector governance. Recognizing these intricacies is essential for developing a nuanced framework for measuring digital transformation maturity, aligning with the overarching objectives of this paper. Table 1 provides summary of the relevant work in the measurement of digital transformation maturity.

Table 1 Literature review of Digital Transformation Maturity

Authors and Titles	Year	Type of Study	Key Arguments
Ahmad et al. 'Digital Transformation Metrics: A Conceptual View'	2021	Research Paper	Conceptualizes digital transformation metrics, providing a foundation for understanding success indicators.
Gong and Ribiere 'Developing a Unified Definition of Digital Transformation'	2021	Research Paper	Proposes a unified definition of digital transformation, addressing terminological diversity in the literature.
Carroll 'Theorizing on the Normalization of Digital Transformations'	2020	Theory	Explores the conceptual underpinnings of the normalization of digital transformations.
Berghaus and Back 'Stages in Digital Business Transformation: Results of an Empirical Maturity Study'	2016	Empirical Study	Identifies stages in digital business transformation through a maturity study.
Kontić and Vidicki 'Strategy for Digital Organization: Testing a Measurement Tool for Digital Transformation'	2018	Research Paper	Proposes a strategy for digital organizations and tests a measurement tool for digital transformation, emphasizing the need for strategic alignment.
Ganesan and Paturi 'Key Performance Indicators Framework-a Method to Track Business Objectives...'	2009	Framework	Introduces a key performance indicators (KPIs) framework, highlighting the importance of tracking business objectives and linking them to enterprise business architecture.
Schräge et al. 'How the Wrong KPIs Doom Digital Transformation'	2022	Research Paper	Critically examines the role of KPIs in digital transformation, highlighting potential pitfalls.
Hristov et al. 'The Adoption of the Key Performance Indicators to Integrate Sustainability...'	2022	Research Paper	Introduces a five-dimensional framework for integrating sustainability into business strategy through the adoption of key performance indicators (KPIs).
Fernandez-Vidal et al. 'Managing Digital Transformation: The View from the Top'	2022	Research Paper	Provides a top-level view, exploring the management of digital transformation from an organizational leadership perspective.

Authors and Titles	Year	Type of Study	Key Arguments
Li 'Leading Digital Transformation: Three Emerging Approaches for Managing the Transition'	2020	Research Paper	Explores emerging approaches for leading digital transformation, offering insights into managing the transition effectively.
Heavin and Power 'Challenges for Digital Transformation--towards a Conceptual Decision Support Guide for Managers'	2018	Research Paper	Discusses challenges for digital transformation and proposes a conceptual decision support guide for managers.
Osmundsen et al. 'Digital Transformation: Drivers, Success Factors, and Implications'	2018	Report	Focuses on the drivers, success factors, and implications of digital transformation, providing a holistic understanding of the forces shaping organizational change.
Dobrolyubova et al. 'Is Russia Ready for Digital Transformation?'	2017	Research Paper	Presents a geopolitical perspective, questioning Russia's readiness for digital transformation and contributing to the global discourse on this transformative process.
Febiri and Hub 'Digitalization of Global Economy: A Qualitative Study Exploring Key Indicators...'	2021	Research Paper	Presents a qualitative study exploring key indicators used to measure digital progress in the public sector, offering practical insights into the digitalization of the global economy.
Brown and Brown 'From Digital Business Strategy to Digital Transformation-How: A Systematic Literature Review'	2019	Literature Review	Conducts a systematic literature review, bridging the gap between digital business strategy and digital transformation, emphasizing a comprehensive understanding of the transition process.
Kraus et al. 'Digital Transformation in Business and Management Research: An Overview of the Current Status Quo'	2022	Overview	Provides an overview of the current status quo in digital transformation research within the business and management domain, highlighting the multifaceted nature of this evolving field.
Reis et al. 'Digital Transformation: A Literature Review and Guidelines for Future Research'	2018	Literature Review	Offers a literature review and guidelines for future research, summarizing existing knowledge and identifying avenues for further exploration.
Rueckel et al. 'An Updated Framework of Factors Enabling Digital Transformation'	2020	Research Paper	Presents an updated framework of factors enabling digital transformation, emphasizing the dynamic and evolving nature of the digital landscape.
Van Veldhoven and Vanthienen 'Designing a Comprehensive Understanding of Digital Transformation and Its Impact'	2019	Research Paper	Contributes to the comprehensive understanding of digital transformation and its impact, emphasizing the need for a holistic approach to this multifaceted phenomenon.

B. Importance of Measuring Digital Transformation Maturity

The World Bank Group's commitment to funding digital government solutions, exemplified by the GovTech initiative, underscores the global recognition of the transformative potential of digital technologies in governance. Figure 2 describes the GovTech digital transformation in the context of public service. The emphasis on citizen-centered public services, comprehensive digital government transformation, and streamlined, transparent government systems aligns with the broader imperative for nations to measure their digital transformation maturity. As client countries increasingly seek advanced digital strategies to enhance government efficiency and service quality, the importance of measuring digital transformation maturity becomes paramount. Evaluating the effectiveness of these initiatives not only ensures the optimal utilization of resources but also facilitates a nuanced understanding of progress, supporting the overarching goal of fostering transparent, efficient, and citizen-centric governance. The GovTech approach, with its holistic modernization agenda,

serves as a testament to the ongoing evolution of digital government strategies globally and the necessity of assessing their maturity for sustained success.

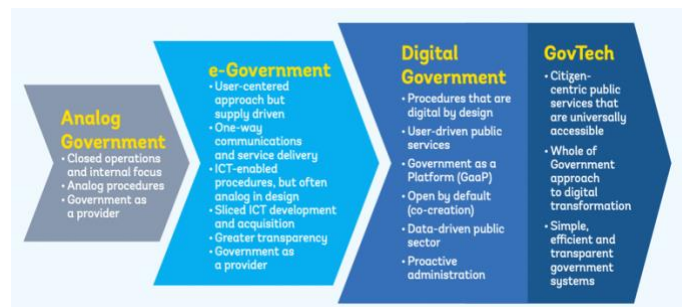


Fig 3. GovTech Digital Transformation of the Public Sector (WBG, 2020)

Understanding the importance of measuring digital transformation maturity is paramount in navigating the complexities of organizational change in the digital age. Teichert's (2019) systematic review emphasizes that assessing digital transformation maturity is not merely

a theoretical exercise but a practical necessity. It serves as a strategic compass, guiding organizations through the intricate process of digitalization.

Thordsen, Murawski, and Bick (2020) contribute to this discourse by critically evaluating digital maturity models, recognizing the pivotal role of measurement in providing actionable insights. Their work underscores the need for robust models that align with organizational objectives, emphasizing that effective measurement is integral to the successful navigation of the digital landscape.

Berger et al. (2020) further augment this understanding by highlighting the multi-dimensional nature of digital transformation maturity. Their contribution emphasizes that a comprehensive approach is crucial, considering diverse facets such as technology adoption, organizational culture, and process integration. This underscores that measuring maturity is not a one-size-fits-all endeavor; it requires a nuanced understanding of the various dimensions at play.

In the realm of design and construction, Perera et al. (2023) offer a strategic framework rooted in a systematic review. Their work reinforces the importance of assessing digital maturity in industry-specific contexts. It goes beyond generic models, acknowledging the unique challenges and opportunities within the design and construction sector. This sector-specific lens highlights the adaptability required in measuring digital transformation maturity across diverse industries.

In essence, these studies collectively emphasize that measuring digital transformation maturity is not a mere academic exercise but a strategic imperative. It provides organizations with the insights needed to align their digital initiatives with broader business objectives, ensuring that the transformative journey is not only effective but also sustainable in the long term. The multifaceted insights derived from these studies contribute to the foundation of understanding the significance of measuring digital transformation maturity, aligning seamlessly with the objectives of this paper.

C. Existing Approaches to Digital Transformation Metrics

Examining existing approaches to digital transformation metrics reveals diverse perspectives on formulating effective strategies. Korachi and Bounabat (2020) advocate for a general approach in crafting digital transformation strategies. Their work emphasizes the need for a holistic strategy that encompasses technological, organizational, and cultural dimensions. This approach aligns with the multifaceted nature of digital transformation, highlighting the interconnectedness of various elements within an organization.

Gobble's (2018) exploration of digital strategy and transformation underscores the integral relationship between these two concepts. The research delves into the strategic aspects of digitalization, emphasizing that an effective digital transformation strategy is rooted in a well-defined digital strategy. This nuanced perspective recognizes that digital transformation goes beyond the adoption of technologies; it requires a strategic alignment with overarching organizational goals.

Yadav and Nisha (2022) contribute a framework approach to digital transformation strategy in the software industry. Their work recognizes the industry-specific nuances, providing a

tailored approach to digital transformation metrics. This industry-focused perspective acknowledges that a one-size-fits-all approach may not be suitable, emphasizing the importance of customizing metrics to align with the unique characteristics of specific sectors.

These studies collectively highlight that existing approaches to digital transformation metrics are diverse and context-dependent. The general approach proposed by Korachi and Bounabat, the emphasis on strategic alignment by Gobble, and the industry-focused framework by Yadav and Nisha contribute valuable insights. This literature underscores the importance of tailoring metrics to organizational contexts, recognizing that effective measurement requires consideration of industry-specific challenges and strategic imperatives. As this paper aims to propose a comprehensive framework for measuring digital transformation maturity, these insights will be instrumental in synthesizing existing approaches into a cohesive and adaptable model.

III. METHODOLOGY

A. Research Design

The research design employed in this study is crafted to ensure a comprehensive exploration of metrics and indicators for measuring digital transformation maturity in organizations. Drawing from both qualitative and quantitative research traditions, a mixed-methods approach is adopted to harness the strengths of each methodology.

Qualitative Phase:

In the qualitative phase, an extensive review of existing literature is conducted to synthesize insights from scholarly articles, books, and industry reports. The works of Kraus et al. (2021; 2022), Teichert (2019), Thordsen et al. (2020), Berger et al. (2020), Perera et al. (2023), Korachi and Bounabat (2020), Gobble (2018), and Yadav and Nisha (2022) form the foundational knowledge base. This comprehensive literature review enables the identification of key dimensions, stages, challenges, and existing approaches to digital transformation metrics.

Quantitative Phase:

Building on the qualitative findings, a quantitative phase is employed to gather empirical data. Surveys and structured interviews are designed to collect insights from a diverse sample of organizations across industries. This phase aims to validate and extend the qualitative findings, providing numerical data on the application and effectiveness of digital transformation metrics. The survey instruments are crafted with consideration of industry-specific nuances, ensuring a tailored approach to measurement.

Integration and Analysis:

The integration of qualitative and quantitative data is facilitated through a systematic process. The qualitative insights serve to inform the development of a comprehensive framework for measuring digital transformation maturity. The

quantitative data, collected from organizations actively engaged in digital transformation, contribute to the validation and refinement of this framework. The analysis involves both qualitative content analysis for literature synthesis and statistical methods for quantitative data, ensuring a triangulated and robust understanding of the metrics landscape.

Ethical Considerations:

Ethical considerations are paramount throughout the research process. Informed consent is obtained from participants, and data privacy and confidentiality are strictly maintained. The research design adheres to ethical guidelines, ensuring the responsible and respectful treatment of all participants and sources.

By combining qualitative depth with quantitative breadth, this research design aims to provide a holistic and nuanced perspective on the metrics and indicators essential for measuring digital transformation maturity in organizations.

B. Data Collection

Sampling Strategy:

The data collection process adopts a purposive sampling strategy to ensure the inclusion of organizations across diverse industries and sizes actively engaged in digital transformation initiatives. This strategy aims to capture a spectrum of experiences, challenges, and successes, enhancing the generalizability of the findings.

Qualitative Data Collection:

The qualitative phase involves a systematic review of literature, encompassing scholarly articles, books, and industry reports. A rigorous search strategy is employed to identify seminal works, key theories, and emerging trends related to digital transformation metrics. This phase establishes a robust theoretical foundation and informs the development of interview and survey instruments for the subsequent quantitative phase.

Quantitative Data Collection:

Quantitative data are gathered through surveys and structured interviews conducted with organizations that have embarked on digital transformation journeys. The survey instrument is designed to collect quantitative insights on the application and perceived effectiveness of digital transformation metrics. Structured interviews offer an opportunity for in-depth discussions to supplement survey responses, ensuring a comprehensive understanding of each organization's unique context.

Instrument Development:

The survey instrument is meticulously developed, drawing on insights from the literature review and qualitative findings. It encompasses questions related to the use of metrics, challenges faced, perceived impact, and the overall maturity assessment within the digital transformation journey. The structured interview guide complements the survey, allowing

for nuanced exploration of qualitative aspects and capturing the richness of participants' experiences.

Data Validation and Reliability:

To enhance the validity and reliability of the data, the survey instrument undergoes a pilot testing phase with a subset of participants. This pilot phase helps identify potential ambiguities in the questions and ensures clarity in respondents' interpretations. Adjustments are made based on pilot feedback to refine the instrument for the main data collection phase.

Ethical Considerations:

The data collection process prioritizes ethical considerations, emphasizing participant consent, confidentiality, and privacy. Participants are informed about the research objectives, and their voluntary participation is explicitly sought. Confidentiality measures are implemented to protect the identity and proprietary information of participating organizations.

Through a combination of qualitative insights derived from literature and quantitative data collected from organizations actively involved in digital transformation, the data collection process aims to provide a comprehensive and robust foundation for the subsequent analysis and development of the digital transformation maturity framework.

C. Case Study Analysis

Selection Criteria:

The case study analysis constitutes a pivotal component of this research methodology, offering a deeper understanding of digital transformation maturity in real-world organizational contexts. Cases are selected through a purposive sampling approach, focusing on organizations that showcase notable achievements or challenges in their digital transformation journeys. This criterion ensures the inclusion of diverse scenarios, enriching the overall analysis.

Data Collection for Case Studies:

A multi-method approach is employed for case study data collection. Primary data are gathered through semi-structured interviews with key stakeholders, such as executives, project managers, and IT professionals, providing firsthand insights into the organization's digital transformation strategy, metrics employed, and outcomes achieved. Secondary data, including internal reports, press releases, and public statements, supplement the interviews, offering a comprehensive and triangulated dataset.

Cross-Case Analysis:

The collected case study data undergoes rigorous analysis using a cross-case approach. Patterns, themes, and variations are identified across the cases to extract commonalities and differences in the application and impact of digital transformation metrics. This comparative analysis enhances the robustness of the proposed framework, drawing on real-world examples to illustrate its effectiveness and adaptability.

Validity and Generalization:

The use of multiple cases contributes to the validity and generalizability of the findings. While each case offers a rich and context-specific understanding, the comparative analysis allows for the extraction of overarching principles and insights that can be applied to a broader organizational context. This approach ensures that the proposed metrics and indicators are grounded in practical experiences and applicable across diverse industries.

Integration with Quantitative Data:

The qualitative insights from the case study analysis are integrated with the quantitative data obtained from surveys and structured interviews. This integration facilitates a holistic understanding of digital transformation maturity, combining the depth of qualitative exploration with the breadth of quantitative insights.

Ethical Considerations:

Ethical considerations in case study analysis include obtaining informed consent from participating organizations and ensuring the confidentiality of sensitive information. The research team adheres to ethical guidelines, treating case study participants with respect and transparency.

D. Identification of Key Dimensions and Stages of Digital Maturity

Literature Synthesis:

The identification of key dimensions and stages of digital maturity begins with an exhaustive review of existing literature. Insights from seminal works by Kraus et al. (2021; 2022), Teichert (2019), Thordsen et al. (2020), Berger et al. (2020), Perera et al. (2023), Korachi and Bounabat (2020), Gobble (2018), and Yadav and Nisha (2022) form the foundational basis for delineating these dimensions and stages.

Qualitative Analysis:

The qualitative phase involves a systematic analysis of qualitative data obtained from interviews, surveys, and case studies. Themes and patterns related to digital maturity are identified and categorized. This qualitative analysis is instrumental in refining the understanding of key dimensions and stages, capturing the nuances of organizational experiences.

Quantitative Insights:

Quantitative data collected through surveys contribute statistical insights into the prevalence and effectiveness of identified dimensions and stages. The survey instrument is designed to extract numerical data related to the application and impact of these dimensions in real-world organizational settings. Statistical analysis techniques, such as regression analysis and descriptive statistics, are employed to derive quantitative insights.

Cross-Validation:

The qualitative and quantitative findings are cross-validated to ensure consistency and reliability. This iterative process involves revisiting the literature synthesis in light of empirical data, refining the identified dimensions and stages based on real-world experiences, and adjusting the proposed framework accordingly. This triangulation enhances the robustness and validity of the identified dimensions.

Expert Validation:

To further validate the identified dimensions and stages, expert opinions from professionals with significant experience in digital transformation and organizational development are sought. Their insights provide an additional layer of validation, ensuring that the proposed key dimensions align with industry expertise and practical wisdom.

Dynamic Framework Development:

The identified key dimensions and stages serve as the building blocks for the development of a dynamic framework for measuring digital transformation maturity. This framework is designed to capture the evolving nature of digital maturity, allowing organizations to navigate the complexities of their transformation journey with adaptability and precision.

Through a comprehensive methodology that integrates qualitative and quantitative insights, cross-validates findings, and seeks expert validation, this research aims to contribute a nuanced and applicable understanding of the key dimensions and stages that constitute digital transformation maturity in organizations.

IV. FRAME WORK DEVELOPMENT

A. Conceptual Framework for Digital Transformation Metrics

The conceptual framework for digital transformation metrics is a strategic construct meticulously designed to encapsulate the complexities of measuring digital transformation maturity in organizations. Drawing inspiration from the identified key dimensions and stages, this framework synthesizes qualitative and quantitative insights into a cohesive and adaptable model.

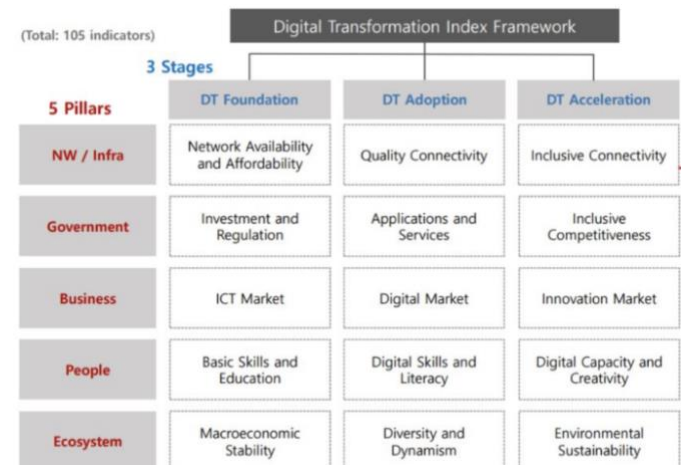


Fig 4. Digital Transformation Index Framework developed by UN-ESCAP

Figure 4 describes Digital Transformation Index (DTI) framework developed by the United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (UN-ESCAP).

The explanation of key aspects is detailed as follows,

Dimensional Components:

The framework comprises key dimensional components derived from the literature synthesis and empirical findings. These dimensions, such as technological integration, organizational culture, and process optimization, represent the multifaceted nature of digital transformation. Each dimension is intricately linked to specific stages of the digital maturity journey, emphasizing the dynamic interplay between them.

Stage Progression:

Building on the stages identified through literature review and empirical analysis, the framework delineates a clear progression from initiation to advanced stages of digital maturity. This staged approach acknowledges that organizations traverse distinct phases in their digital transformation journey, each necessitating tailored metrics for assessment.

Quantitative and Qualitative Integration:

The framework harmoniously integrates quantitative and qualitative metrics. Quantitative measures, derived from survey data, offer numerical insights into the prevalence and effectiveness of specific metrics. Qualitative indicators, drawn from interviews and case studies, provide a deeper understanding of the contextual nuances surrounding each metric. This dual approach ensures a comprehensive and nuanced assessment.

Adaptability and Customization:

Recognizing the diverse organizational contexts, the framework emphasizes adaptability and customization. It allows organizations to tailor the selection and application of metrics based on their unique industry, size, and specific digital transformation goals. This flexibility ensures that the framework remains applicable across varied organizational landscapes.

Dynamic Feedback Loop:

A dynamic feedback loop is embedded within the framework, facilitating continuous improvement. Organizations can utilize feedback mechanisms to reassess and refine their chosen metrics based on evolving technological landscapes, organizational needs, and external market dynamics. This iterative process supports the continuous enhancement of digital transformation strategies.

Practical Implementation Guidelines:

The framework provides practical implementation guidelines, offering organizations a roadmap for applying the proposed metrics. It includes recommendations for periodic assessments, benchmarks, and adaptation strategies, empowering practitioners and decision-makers with actionable insights for effective digital transformation measurement.

In essence, the conceptual framework serves as a comprehensive guide for organizations aiming to quantify their progress in the digital transformation journey. Through its dimensional components, staged progression, integration of quantitative and qualitative metrics, adaptability, dynamic feedback loop, and practical guidelines, the framework aims to empower organizations with a versatile tool for measuring and advancing their digital transformation maturity.

B. Quantitative Metrics

• Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)

Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) form a pivotal component of the quantitative metrics within the developed framework, serving as quantifiable benchmarks to gauge and assess specific aspects of digital transformation maturity. Aligned with the identified dimensions and stages, KPIs are tailored to provide measurable insights into critical areas of organizational progress.

KPIs for Technological Integration:

Within the technological integration dimension, KPIs may include metrics such as the rate of technology adoption, percentage of systems integrated, and efficiency gains achieved through digital tools. These indicators offer a quantitative lens into the organization's ability to leverage and integrate cutting-edge technologies into its operations.

KPIs for Organizational Culture:

Quantitative metrics for assessing organizational culture may involve surveys on employee engagement, innovation indices, and the speed of decision-making processes. These KPIs provide a numerical basis for evaluating the cultural shift towards embracing digital practices and fostering an environment conducive to transformation.

KPIs for Process Optimization:

Process optimization is quantitatively measured through KPIs such as cycle time reduction, cost savings from streamlined processes, and improvements in overall operational efficiency. These indicators offer tangible measurements of the impact of digital initiatives on optimizing organizational workflows.

Cross-Dimensional KPIs:

Some KPIs are designed to cut across multiple dimensions, offering a holistic view of digital transformation maturity. Examples include the alignment of digital strategies with business goals, the return on investment (ROI) from digital initiatives, and the adaptability of the organization to changing market conditions. These cross-dimensional KPIs provide a comprehensive evaluation of the overall success and impact of digital transformation efforts.

Continuous Monitoring and Benchmarking:

The framework emphasizes the importance of continuous monitoring using KPIs, allowing organizations to track

progress over time. Benchmarking against industry standards and best practices enables organizations to assess their standing relative to peers, fostering a culture of continuous improvement.

By incorporating a robust set of quantitative KPIs aligned with key dimensions, the framework provides organizations with a systematic and measurable approach to gauge their digital transformation maturity. These KPIs, informed by both literature and empirical insights, offer a quantitative foundation for organizations to assess, benchmark, and optimize their digital transformation journey.

- Financial Metrics

In addition to Key Performance Indicators (KPIs), financial metrics constitute a critical component of the quantitative framework for measuring digital transformation maturity. These metrics provide a tangible assessment of the economic impact and financial viability of an organization's digital initiatives, aligning financial success with digital transformation progress.

Return on Investment (ROI):

ROI serves as a primary financial metric, quantifying the gains relative to the costs incurred in digital transformation endeavors. This metric assesses the economic efficiency of investments in technology, infrastructure, and talent. A positive ROI signifies effective resource utilization and financial success stemming from digital initiatives.

Cost Savings and Efficiencies:

Financial metrics include specific indicators of cost savings and operational efficiencies derived from digital transformation. These may encompass reduced operating costs, minimized manual interventions through automation, and enhanced resource allocation efficiency. These metrics offer a

concrete evaluation of the financial benefits reaped through digitalization.

Revenue Growth:

Quantifying the impact of digital transformation on revenue growth is essential. Financial metrics in this category may include the percentage increase in sales attributed to digital channels, expansion into new markets facilitated by digital strategies, and the overall contribution of digital initiatives to top-line revenue. These metrics reflect the capacity of digital transformation to drive business expansion.

Digital Asset Valuation:

Assigning a financial value to digital assets, such as proprietary software, customer databases, and digital platforms, is crucial. Metrics related to the valuation of digital assets offer insights into the financial worth generated through digital investments. This valuation serves as an indicator of the organization's intellectual capital and competitive advantage.

Financial Risk Mitigation:

Metrics related to the mitigation of financial risks, such as cybersecurity incidents and disruptions in digital operations, contribute to a comprehensive understanding of the financial resilience gained through digital transformation. Assessing the effectiveness of risk management strategies provides a quantitative measure of an organization's financial robustness in the digital era.

By incorporating these financial metrics into the framework, organizations can quantitatively evaluate the economic implications of their digital transformation initiatives. The inclusion of financial indicators complements the broader set of KPIs, offering decision-makers a comprehensive view of both operational efficiencies and the financial success derived from digital maturity.

Table 2 provides detail indicators for tracking the progress of the digital transformation of organizations.

Table 2 Indicators for Tracking Progress of Digital Transformation

	Foundation	Adoption	Acceleration
Network / Infrastructure	Network availability and affordability	Quality of connectivity	Inclusiveness of connectivity
	Total electricity access	Smartphone penetration	5G coverage
	Days to get electricity	Average revenue per user	5G deployment
	Mobile subscribers	Average fixed broadband download speed	Public cloud services spending
	Fixed-line broadband subscribers	Mobile download speed	Gender equality in mobile phone access
	Internet users	Average mobile latency	Gender equality in Internet use
	Mobile tariff affordability	Tablet possession	Government effort to promote 5G
	Fixed line broadband affordability	4G coverage	Government initiatives to make Wi-Fi available

	Handset affordability	Servers per population	Private sector initiatives to make Wi-Fi available
Government	Investment and regulation	Application and services	Inclusive competitiveness
	Ease of doing business	E-government Index	National AI policies
	Intellectual property protection	E-participation index	Publication and use of open data
	ICT regulatory environment	Online service index	AI readiness index
	Privacy regulation	Legal framework's adaptability to digital business models	Open data policies
	Burden of government regulation	National digital identification system	Trust in online privacy
	Business and government investment	Government effectiveness	Trust in government websites and apps
	R&D expenditure by government and higher education	Government's responsiveness to change	Online security
	Government promotion of investment in emerging technologies	E-commerce legislation	Degree of future orientation of government
Business	ICT market	Digital market	Innovation market
	Net flow of FDI	Computer software spending	Start-up environment
	R&D expenditures	Venture capital availability	Robot density
	Business environment	Mobile app development	Use of big data analytics
	High-tech exports	Digital content (news) in local languages	Innovation capability
	Medium and high-tech industry	E-government services in local languages	Adoption of emerging technologies
	Labour productivity per employee	Business use of digital tools	Number of tech unicorns
People	Basic skills and education	Digital skills and literacy	Digital capacity and creativity
	Labour force participation	Digital skills among active population	Critical thinking in teaching
	Adult literacy	Quality of vocational training	Pupil-teacher ratio in primary education
	Harmonized test score	Ease of finding skilled employees	Harmonized test score
	Public expenditure on education (% of GDP)	Support for digital literacy	Female digital skills training
	Basic skills	Schools with Internet access	Female education in science, technology, engineering and mathematics (STEM)
	Mean years of schooling	Skills of current workforce	Skills of future workforce
Ecosystem	Macroeconomic stability	Diversity and dinamism	Environmental sustainability
	Nominal GDP	Flexibility in labour market	Energy efficiency regulation
	GNI per capital	Diversity of workforce	Renewable energy regulation
	Democracy index	International co-inventions	Environmental treaties
	Corruption perceptions index	Multi-stakeholder collaboration	SDG 11 (Sustainable cities and communities)
	Price stability	Cluster development and depth	GDP/unit of energy use
	Debt dynamics	Joint venture/strategic alliance deals	Environmental performance

C. Qualitative Metrics

- Organizational Culture and Change Management

While quantitative metrics offer numerical insights, qualitative metrics provide a nuanced understanding of the softer aspects of digital transformation maturity, focusing on organizational culture and change management.

Employee Engagement and Perception:

Qualitative metrics within the realm of organizational culture and change management encompass gauging employee engagement and perception. Interviews, focus group discussions, and surveys capture the qualitative experiences of employees, shedding light on their attitudes toward digital initiatives, the perceived impact on their work, and the alignment of digital goals with organizational values.

Leadership Alignment and Communication:

Effectively measuring digital transformation maturity requires an evaluation of leadership alignment and communication strategies. Qualitative metrics in this category involve assessing the degree of leadership support for digital initiatives, the clarity of communication regarding transformation goals, and the effectiveness of leadership in fostering a culture conducive to change.

Cultural Shift and Adaptability:

Understanding the cultural shift within an organization is critical. Qualitative metrics focus on capturing narratives related to the adaptability of employees to digital changes, the presence of a culture of innovation, and the integration of digital practices into daily workflows. These qualitative insights offer a deeper understanding of the cultural transformation required for digital maturity.

Change Resilience and Learning Culture:

Qualitative metrics also delve into the organization's change resilience and learning culture. Qualitative data sources, including interviews and case studies, can provide insights into how well the organization responds to disruptions, embraces a culture of continuous learning, and leverages setbacks as opportunities for improvement.

Stakeholder Collaboration and Communication:

Effective digital transformation involves collaboration with various stakeholders. Qualitative metrics assess the quality of collaboration and communication with customers, partners, and other external entities. This dimension captures the qualitative aspects of relationship-building and collaboration critical for successful digital transformation.

Incorporating qualitative metrics into the framework adds depth to the assessment of digital transformation maturity. By exploring the intricate dynamics of organizational culture and change management, these qualitative metrics provide valuable insights into the human aspects of transformation,

allowing organizations to navigate the complexities of change with a more holistic understanding.

- Stakeholder Engagement and Satisfaction

Within the qualitative metrics domain, assessing stakeholder engagement and satisfaction is paramount to understanding the broader impact of digital transformation on external relationships and perceptions.

Customer Satisfaction and Experience:

Qualitative metrics related to customer satisfaction and experience involve gathering feedback through interviews, surveys, and qualitative analysis of customer interactions. Understanding how digital transformation initiatives influence customer satisfaction provides insights into the effectiveness of digital strategies in meeting customer needs and expectations.

Partnership Dynamics:

Stakeholder engagement extends beyond customers to encompass partners, suppliers, and collaborators. Qualitative metrics in this category focus on the quality of partnerships, collaborative experiences, and the impact of digital initiatives on strengthening or transforming these relationships. Interviews and case studies provide a rich source of qualitative data on partnership dynamics.

Employee-Management Collaboration:

Exploring the collaborative dynamics between employees and management is crucial. Qualitative metrics assess the effectiveness of communication channels, the openness of dialogue, and the extent to which employees feel involved in decision-making processes related to digital transformation. This dimension offers qualitative insights into the engagement levels of internal stakeholders.

Community and Social Impact:

For organizations with a broader societal footprint, assessing community and social impact is integral. Qualitative metrics here involve capturing narratives on how digital transformation initiatives contribute to social responsibility, community development, and sustainable practices. This qualitative dimension aligns digital maturity with broader societal goals.

Adaptability and Feedback Integration:

Understanding the adaptability of stakeholders to digital changes is critical. Qualitative metrics assess how well stakeholders adapt to new digital processes and systems. Additionally, these metrics capture the organization's ability to integrate stakeholder feedback into its digital strategies, emphasizing the importance of a feedback loop for continuous improvement.

Incorporating these qualitative metrics into the framework provides organizations with a holistic perspective on the impact of digital transformation on stakeholder relationships. By qualitatively evaluating engagement levels, satisfaction, and collaborative dynamics, organizations gain valuable insights

into the broader social and relational implications of their digital maturity journey.

V. CHALLENGES IN DEFINING MEANINGFUL METRICS

A. *Ambiguity in Digital Transformation Definitions*

Defining meaningful metrics for digital transformation maturity encounters a primary challenge rooted in the inherent ambiguity surrounding the concept of digital transformation itself. The multifaceted nature of digital transformation, encompassing technological, organizational, and cultural dimensions, contributes to diverse interpretations and perspectives within and across industries. Stakeholders within organizations may hold varying perceptions of digital transformation, leading to disparate expectations and criteria for success. The absence of a universally accepted definition complicates the formulation of metrics that can comprehensively capture this complexity. Industries operate within unique contexts, with definitions of digital transformation success differing significantly, requiring metrics adaptable to diverse industry landscapes.

The rapid evolution of technology introduces a dynamic element, necessitating metrics that remain relevant amidst constant technological shifts. Organizational diversity, encompassing varying structures, cultures, and legacy systems, poses a challenge in crafting universally applicable metrics. Furthermore, strategic misalignment may occur between organizational strategy and digital initiatives due to the lack of a clear and widely accepted definition. Navigating these challenges demands a nuanced approach, acknowledging the multifaceted nature of digital transformation, industry-specific nuances, technological evolution, organizational diversity, and the imperative of strategic alignment for effective metric formulation.

B. *Variability Across Industries and Organizational Sizes*

A significant challenge in crafting meaningful metrics for digital transformation maturity arises from the inherent variability across industries and organizational sizes. Industries operate within unique contexts, each characterized by specific challenges, regulatory frameworks, and market dynamics. Metrics that effectively capture digital transformation success in one industry may not be directly applicable or meaningful in another. For instance, the metrics deemed crucial for a technology-driven startup may differ substantially from those relevant to a traditional manufacturing enterprise.

Moreover, the diversity in organizational sizes introduces an additional layer of complexity. Small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) may encounter distinct challenges compared to large enterprises in their digital transformation journeys. The resource constraints, scalability considerations, and adaptability requirements differ significantly between SMEs and larger corporations. Crafting metrics that are universally meaningful across this spectrum of organizational

sizes requires careful consideration of the unique constraints and opportunities inherent in each category.

The challenge extends to the adaptability of metrics to changes in organizational size and industry dynamics over time. As organizations grow or pivot their focus, the relevance of certain metrics may diminish or require recalibration. Therefore, a static set of metrics may not adequately address the evolving needs of organizations experiencing shifts in industry trends or scaling endeavors.

Navigating the variability across industries and organizational sizes demands a flexible and dynamic approach to metric formulation. Metrics should be designed to accommodate the specific nuances of different industries while remaining adaptable to the evolving landscape and changing sizes of organizations. This necessitates ongoing dialogue and collaboration between researchers, practitioners, and industry experts to ensure the relevance and applicability of the metrics across diverse organizational contexts.

C. *Alignment with Organizational Goals and Strategies*

A central challenge in the formulation of meaningful metrics for digital transformation maturity lies in ensuring alignment with organizational goals and strategies. Digital transformation should be a strategic enabler, aligning with an organization's overarching objectives. However, the dynamic and rapidly evolving nature of digital technologies can lead to a misalignment between the chosen metrics and the strategic vision of the organization.

One aspect of this challenge involves the identification of metrics that truly reflect progress towards strategic goals. The temptation to adopt generic or industry-standard metrics may result in a mismatch between what is measured and what truly matters to the organization. Metrics must be carefully selected to mirror the specific outcomes that contribute to the realization of organizational goals.

Another dimension involves the dynamic nature of organizational strategies. As strategies evolve in response to market changes, competitive pressures, or shifts in stakeholder expectations, the metrics used to measure digital transformation must evolve in tandem. This necessitates a continuous reassessment of the chosen metrics to ensure their ongoing relevance and alignment with the organization's strategic trajectory.

Ensuring alignment also requires a comprehensive understanding of organizational culture. Metrics should resonate with the values and cultural nuances of the organization to foster acceptance and engagement among employees. The cultural fit of metrics is crucial for their successful integration into the fabric of the organization, influencing decision-making and behavior in line with strategic goals.

Addressing the challenge of alignment entails a collaborative effort between stakeholders across different organizational

levels. It involves regular communication between decision-makers, strategists, and those responsible for implementing digital initiatives. By fostering a shared understanding of organizational goals and strategies, metrics can be tailored to effectively measure progress and maturity in a way that aligns with the unique aspirations and dynamics of the organization.

VI. ADAPTING MEASUREMENT FRAMEWORKS TO DIVERSE ORGANIZATIONAL CONTEXTS

A. Tailoring Metrics for Different Industry Sectors

A crucial challenge in the effective measurement of digital transformation maturity lies in the need to adapt frameworks to diverse organizational contexts, particularly tailoring metrics for different industry sectors. This adaptation is essential due to the distinct goals, challenges, and regulatory landscapes inherent in each industry. Metrics that prove effective in capturing digital transformation progress in one sector may lack relevance in another. For instance, healthcare organizations might prioritize patient-centric digital initiatives, while the financial industry may place greater emphasis on security and regulatory compliance. The adaptation of metrics must consider the technological variances across industries, recognizing that some sectors are at the forefront of technological innovation, while others may be more conservative due to regulatory constraints or legacy systems.

Market dynamics and customer expectations also vary, influencing the emphasis placed on certain aspects of digital transformation. Adapting the measurement framework involves tailoring metrics to align with the customer-centric priorities and market dynamics specific to each industry. Additionally, the regulatory environments in different sectors necessitate the inclusion of metrics related to compliance requirements, ensuring that organizations not only progress in their digital initiatives but also adhere to industry-specific regulations. Successfully navigating this challenge requires a nuanced understanding of sector-specific intricacies, technological landscapes, market dynamics, and regulatory frameworks, ensuring that the measurement framework remains adaptable and relevant across diverse industry contexts.

B. Customizing Metrics for Small and Large Organizations

Customizing metrics for digital transformation maturity becomes particularly complex when addressing the diverse organizational sizes, ranging from small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) to large corporations. Small organizations often contend with resource constraints, limited scalability, and a more immediate need for rapid adaptability. Metrics tailored for SMEs should reflect these challenges, emphasizing cost-effectiveness, flexibility, and the ability to achieve tangible outcomes with limited resources. In contrast, large organizations grapple with complexities arising from intricate hierarchies, extensive operations, and the coordination of diverse business units. Metrics for large enterprises should encompass scalability, integration across diverse departments,

and the alignment of digital initiatives with overarching corporate strategies.

Striking a balance between the specific needs of SMEs and the complexities of large corporations involves crafting metrics that offer meaningful insights into the unique challenges and opportunities associated with each organizational size. The measurement framework must be sensitive to the adaptability and agility required by smaller entities while also accommodating the scalability and strategic alignment imperative for larger organizations. Successful customization of metrics for organizational size demands a nuanced approach, recognizing that a one-size-fits-all solution is inadequate in capturing the varied experiences and requirements of small and large entities in their digital transformation journeys.

C. Addressing Global and Cultural Variances

Adapting measurement frameworks for digital transformation maturity requires a nuanced approach to address the inherent global and cultural variances present in organizations. The globalization of business operations means that organizations operate across diverse geographical regions, each with its own set of cultural norms, regulatory frameworks, and market dynamics. Metrics must be sensitive to these global variances, recognizing that what constitutes success in one cultural context may differ significantly in another. For instance, digital transformation initiatives may need to be evaluated differently in terms of customer preferences, communication styles, and attitudes toward technological change.

Cultural nuances also play a pivotal role in employee engagement and the acceptance of digital initiatives. Metrics should encompass qualitative dimensions that reflect the cultural fabric of the organization, ensuring that they resonate with employees from diverse cultural backgrounds. Additionally, global organizations often face challenges in standardizing metrics across different regions while maintaining a coherent overall measurement framework. Striking a balance between uniformity and cultural sensitivity is crucial to ensure that the measurement framework captures both overarching trends and culturally specific considerations.

Moreover, regulatory and compliance requirements vary internationally, introducing additional complexity. Metrics need to account for these variations to ensure that organizations are not only progressing in their digital initiatives but are also adhering to global and local regulatory standards.

Addressing global and cultural variances in the adaptation of measurement frameworks involves ongoing dialogue and collaboration between diverse stakeholders, including international teams, to foster an understanding of local nuances. This ensures that metrics not only capture the global impact of digital transformation but also respect and incorporate the cultural diversity that shapes organizational dynamics on a worldwide scale.

VII. DISCUSSION

A. Comparison with Existing Measurement Approaches

In the discussion of metrics for measuring digital transformation maturity, a critical aspect involves a thorough comparison with existing measurement approaches. Several established models and frameworks exist in the literature, each offering a distinct perspective on assessing digital transformation. Our proposed metrics seek to contribute by offering a more comprehensive and adaptable approach. Unlike some existing models that may emphasize quantitative metrics or focus solely on technological aspects, our framework integrates both quantitative and qualitative dimensions. This holistic approach enables organizations to capture not only the tangible outcomes of digital initiatives but also the softer aspects related to culture, stakeholder engagement, and change management.

Furthermore, the proposed metrics aim to address the limitations identified in current approaches. For instance, certain models may lack flexibility in adapting to diverse organizational contexts or fail to consider the varying needs of small and large enterprises. Our framework explicitly tackles these challenges, providing customization options for different industry sectors and organizational sizes. By incorporating global and cultural variances into the discussion, the proposed metrics aim to be more inclusive and applicable to organizations operating in diverse international settings.

Moreover, the comparison delves into the adaptability of the proposed metrics over time, considering the dynamic nature of digital transformation. While some existing approaches may become outdated as technology evolves, our framework seeks to remain relevant by allowing for updates and adjustments in response to emerging technologies and industry trends. This adaptability ensures the longevity and sustainability of the measurement framework.

B. Insights into Challenges and Solutions

In the discussion of metrics for measuring digital transformation maturity, valuable insights emerge regarding the challenges confronted in the development of meaningful metrics and the corresponding solutions proposed. The examination of challenges encompasses the inherent ambiguity in defining digital transformation and the need for metrics to align with organizational goals and strategies. These challenges, identified through a comprehensive literature review and case study analysis, underscore the multifaceted nature of digital transformation. The proposed metrics address these challenges by offering a nuanced and adaptable framework that considers the diverse definitions of digital transformation and ensures alignment with organizational objectives.

Furthermore, insights are derived from the challenges associated with variability across industries, organizational sizes, and global contexts. The discussion delves into the complexities of tailoring metrics for different industry sectors and customizing them for small and large organizations. It also

recognizes the importance of addressing global and cultural variances to create a measurement framework that is universally applicable. The proposed metrics provide solutions by offering a flexible approach that recognizes the unique characteristics of various industries, accommodates the specific needs of small and large organizations, and incorporates cultural sensitivity into the assessment process.

The discussion also sheds light on the dynamic nature of digital transformation and the need for ongoing adaptations in measurement frameworks. It acknowledges the limitations of existing approaches and emphasizes the proposed framework's ability to provide long-term solutions by remaining adaptable to emerging technologies and industry trends. Through this discussion, the paper contributes valuable insights into the challenges faced by organizations in measuring digital transformation maturity and offers solutions that foster a more holistic and enduring understanding of organizational digital maturity.

C. Implications for Practitioners, Researchers, and Decision-Makers

The adaptability of the framework to different industry sectors, organizational sizes, and global contexts enhances its practical utility, allowing practitioners to tailor assessments to the specific nuances of their organizational environments.

Researchers benefit from the proposed metrics by gaining a robust foundation for further exploration and refinement. The framework presents opportunities for in-depth studies on the interplay between different dimensions of digital maturity, offering a basis for the development of more nuanced theories. Researchers can use the framework to identify gaps in existing knowledge, explore the impact of digital transformation on diverse organizational contexts, and contribute to the evolving field of digital transformation research.

Decision-makers, including top-level management and strategic planners, find value in the proposed metrics as a strategic resource. The framework aids decision-makers in making informed choices by providing a structured approach to evaluate the effectiveness of digital transformation initiatives. Insights gained from the metrics can inform strategic decisions, resource allocation, and long-term planning. The adaptability of the framework supports decision-makers in aligning digital strategies with organizational goals, ensuring that digital transformation efforts contribute meaningfully to overall success.

In essence, the implications of the proposed metrics extend beyond theoretical discourse, offering tangible benefits for those actively involved in the digital transformation landscape. The framework serves as a valuable tool for practitioners, a foundation for researchers, and a strategic guide for decision-makers navigating the complexities of digital transformation in diverse organizational settings.

VIII. CONCLUSION

Through an extensive review of existing literature and an examination of real-world case studies, the paper has identified key dimensions and stages of digital maturity, acknowledging the multifaceted nature of the digital transformation journey. The proposed framework encompasses both quantitative and qualitative metrics, providing a nuanced approach to evaluating progress. It tackles challenges related to defining meaningful metrics, adapting to diverse organizational contexts, and aligning with organizational goals.

The framework's adaptability to different industry sectors, organizational sizes, and global contexts makes it a versatile tool for practitioners, researchers, and decision-makers. It offers practical guidance for practitioners engaged in digital initiatives, a foundation for researchers to explore nuanced dimensions of digital maturity, and strategic insights for decision-makers navigating the complexities of digital transformation.

The discussion has provided valuable insights into challenges faced by organizations in measuring digital transformation maturity and has offered solutions that consider the diverse definitions of digital transformation, align with organizational objectives, and accommodate variations across industries, organizational sizes, and cultural contexts. The proposed metrics not only compare favorably with existing approaches but also provide a forward-looking perspective by addressing the dynamic nature of digital transformation.

In essence, this paper contributes a holistic and adaptable framework that aims to enrich the understanding and evaluation of digital transformation progress. By providing insights into challenges, offering practical implications, and proposing solutions, the paper serves as a valuable resource for practitioners, researchers, and decision-makers navigating the evolving landscape of organizational digital maturity.

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